



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505P)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number:

9688-341

Date of Issuance:

6/18/18

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

Registration
 Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

Chemsico Lawn Weed Killer RTU

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Michael Sarli
Regulatory Manager
Chemsico, A Division of United Industries, Corp.
P.O. Box 142642
St. Louis, MO 63114-0642

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A). You must comply with the following conditions:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product under FIFRA when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

Continued on page 2

Signature of Approving Official:

Grant Rowland, Product Manager 23
Herbicide Branch, Registration Division (7505P)

Date:

6/18/18

2. You are required to comply with the data requirements described in the generic data call-ins (GDCIs) identified below:
 - a. Dicamba GDCI-029801-1659
 - b. 2,4-D GDCI-030063-1362

You must comply with all of the data requirements within the established deadlines. If you have questions about the GDCIs listed above, you may contact the Chemical Review Manager in the Pesticide Reevaluation Division: <http://iaspub.epa.gov/apex/pesticides/f?p=chemicalsearch:1>

3. The data requirements for storage stability and corrosion characteristics (Guidelines 830.6317 and 830.6320) are not satisfied. A one-year study is required to satisfy these data requirements. You have 18 months from the date of registration to provide these data.
4. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If you fail to satisfy these data requirements, EPA will consider appropriate regulatory action including, among other things, cancellation under FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSF:

- Basic CSF dated 10/05/2017

If you have any questions, please contact Mindy Ondish by phone at 703-605-0723, or via email at ondish.mindy@epa.gov.

Enclosure

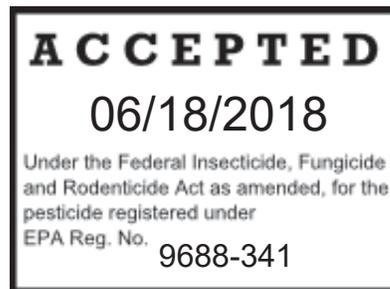
Chemsico Lawn Weed Killer RTU

Active Ingredients:

2,4-D, dimethylamine salt	0.342%
Mecoprop-p, dimethylamine salt	0.123%
Dicamba, dimethylamine salt	0.032%
Sulfentrazone	0.008%
Other Ingredients	<u>99.495%</u>
TOTAL	100.000%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

0.02390 lb 2,4-D acid equivalent per gallon or 0.285%;
 0.00850 lb Mecoprop-p acid equivalent per gallon or 0.102%;
 0.00260 lb Dicamba acid equivalent per gallon or 0.027%;
 0.00067 lb Sulfentrazone per gallon or 0.008%
 Isomer Specific By AOAC Methods.



KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION See back [booklet] for additional precautionary statements.

NET CONTENTS:

STOP! READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION. Harmful if swallowed. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

First Aid
If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything to an unconscious person.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-332-5553 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and may adversely affect non-target plants. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Precautions and Restrictions

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact any person or pet, either directly or through drift. Keep people and pets out of the area during application. Do not allow people or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

Do not allow spray to drift onto desirable plants since injury may result. Do not apply as a fine mist because of potential for injury to desirable plants. Do not apply when windy. Do not treat when air temperatures exceed 90°F as damage to grass may occur. Application at rates above specified on this label may cause injury to turfgrass. Do not use on Floratam or Bitterblue varieties of St. Augustinegrass. Do not use on carpetgrass, dichondra, lawns with desirable clovers or legumes, vegetables, fruits or ornamentals. Do not spray exposed roots of ornamentals and trees. Do not apply more than 2 applications per year. You must wait at least two weeks between applications. Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use such as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

Do not apply directly to or near water, storm drains, gutters, sewers, or drainage ditches. Do not apply within 25 feet of rivers, fish ponds, lakes, streams, reservoirs, marshes, estuaries, bays, and oceans. To prevent product run-off, do not over water the treated area(s) to the point of runoff or apply when raining or when rain is expected that day. Rinse applicator over lawn area only.

Optional Statement for New York State: [Not for Sale, Sale Into, Distribution and/or Use in Nassau and Suffolk Counties of New York State.]

Where to Use:

This product is intended for use by homeowners on residential lawns including Cool season turfgrass: Kentucky bluegrass, Perennial bluegrass, Fescue spp., including tall, red and fine leaf fescues, Bentgrass.

Warm season turfgrass: Bermudagrass, Bahiagrass, Zoysiagrass*, St. Augustinegrass,* Centipedegrass

***NOTE:** Do not use on Floratam or Bitterblue varieties of St. Augustinegrass. Do not apply to Zoysiagrass just emerging from dormancy.

When to Use[‡]:

Apply when daytime temperatures are between 45° and 90°F. Do not apply to Zoysiagrass just emerging from dormancy.

Spring: Spray when broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture for best results.

Fall: Spray when broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture for best results. Fall applications will control weeds that may otherwise go dormant through the winter and resprout the following spring.

[‡]Visual symptoms and time to complete kill [will] depend on weed [and grass] type, temperature and application rate

Note to Reviewer: Only one of the options for specific timing will appear on the label. (Option 1)

[Optional additional text for more specific timing for grass weeds]

YELLOW NUTSEDGE:

Early summer: Two applications of this product are required when the yellow nutsedge plants are 3 to 6 inches tall. Apply the second application at the same rate at 14 days later.

BROADLEAF WEEDS:

Spring: Apply when **dandelion, plantain, buttercup, speedwell, knotweed** and other listed broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture for best results.

Fall: Apply when **henbit, chickweed, white clover, ground ivy, lawn burweed** and other listed broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture for best results. Fall applications will control weeds that may otherwise go dormant through the winter and resprout the following spring.

(Option 2)

[Optional additional text for more specific timing for grass weeds]

Spring And Early Summer:

Yellow nutsedge: Two applications are required when the yellow nutsedge plants are 3 to 6 inches tall. The second application should follow the first application 14 days later.

Dandelion, plantain, buttercup, speedwell, knotweed, pennywort (dollarweed) and other listed broadleaf weeds: Apply when broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture.

Fall:

Henbit, chickweed, white clover, ground ivy, lawn burweed, pearlwort, Carolina geranium and other listed broadleaf weeds: Apply when broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture for best results. Fall applications will control weeds that may otherwise go dormant through the winter and resprout the following spring.

[options for different size containers]

[This 24 fl oz retail container size treats approximately 180 weeds or up to 180 sq ft.

This 32 fl oz (1.0 quart) retail container size treats approximately 250 weeds or up to 250 sq ft.

This 128 fl oz (1.0 gallon) retail container size treats approximately 1,000 weeds or up to 1,000 sq ft.

This 1.3 gallon retail container size treats approximately 1,300 weeds or up to 1,300 sq ft.

This 1.33 gallon retail container size treats approximately 1,300 weeds or up to 1,300 sq ft.]

(Note to Reviewer: Only one sprayer option will be on product label)

OPTION A: Trigger Sprayer**[Optional Subheading: How to Use [Trigger Sprayer]]**

1. Turn nozzle to coarse spray pattern. Avoid sprays which are too fine because they can drift and damage other plants.
2. Spray unwanted weeds until completely covered [Alternate: wet].

**[OPTION B: Nested Sprayer Application]****[Optional Subheading: How to Use]**

1. Pull tab outward.
2. Rotate lock ring counterclockwise to unlock.
3. Pull sprayer to uncoil tubing.
4. Prime sprayer. Turn the sprayer nozzle one-half turn counter-clockwise. Hold the sprayer lower than the bottle and squeeze the trigger several times until it sprays. Adjust the nozzle to coarse spray pattern. Avoid sprays which are too fine because they can drift and damage other plants.
5. Spray unwanted weeds until completely covered [Alternate: wet].
6. To replace, return sprayer to bottle opening.
7. Drape tubing through slot in the spray handle.
8. Turn lock ring clockwise to lock.

[OPTION C: Captive Sprayer Application]**[Optional Subheading: How to Use [Captive Sprayer]]****BEFORE USE:**

1. Shake well before each use.
2. Peel sticker from flip-top cap and open cap. Discard sticker.
3. Remove sprayer from its slot beneath the bottle handle and remove and discard plastic wrap. Pull hose tip to completely extend tubing.
4. Firmly press hose tip into opening in cap until it snaps into place.
5. Hold sprayer below the level of the container and prime by pumping trigger several times until product is dispensed.
6. Adjust nozzle to desired setting.
7. Spray unwanted weeds until completely covered [Alternate: wet].

AFTER USE:

8. To store, turn sprayer nozzle off.
9. DO NOT disconnect hose.
10. Return sprayer to its slot. Hose can be pushed back into sprayer handle.

[OPTION D: Captive Sprayer Application with Snap Adapt Cap]**[Optional Subheading: How to Use [Captive Sprayer]]****BEFORE USE:**

1. Shake well before each use.
2. Open flip top closure [Graphic depiction]
3. Remove sprayer from its slot beneath the bottle handle and unwrap the tubing. Pull hose plug to completely extend tubing.
4. Firmly press hose plug into opening in cap until it snaps into place.
5. Slide switch on hose plug counter-clockwise to "OPEN" [Graphic depiction]
6. Adjust nozzle to desired setting, SPRAY or STREAM
7. Hold sprayer below the level of the container and prime by pumping trigger several times until product is dispensed.
8. Spray unwanted weeds until completely covered [Alternate: wet].

AFTER USE:

1. To store, turn sprayer nozzle off.
2. Turn hose plug switch clockwise to "CLOSED"
3. DO NOT disconnect hose.
4. Return sprayer to its slot. Hose can be pushed back into sprayer handle.

[OPTION E: Directions for EzSpray™ Sprayer and AccuShot™ Sprayer]**[Optional Subheading: How to Use [AccuShot Sprayer™] [Alternate: EzSpray™]]**

1. [Unwrap sprayer.] Remove sprayer from side holder [Alternate: holster]. [Unwrap the tubing] [Gently pull tubing out]. (Graphical representation.)
2. Remove seal from top of cap. Unplug cap. (Graphical representation.)
3. Securely snap the plug into hole on cap. (Graphical representation.)
4. Remove plastic tab near [top] [bottom] of sprayer to activate batteries. (Graphical representation.)
5. Twist nozzle to adjust spray from CLOSE to SPRAY or STREAM. (Graphical representation.)
6. [When priming the sprayer, hold sprayer level to the ground. Sprayer may not prime if it is held at an angle. Once primed, it will spray in any direction. (Graphical representation.)]

[Alternate AccuShot Sprayer Directions]

1. Remove cap and replace with reusable AccuShot Sprayer. Make sure sprayer cap is tightly closed before use
2. Twist nozzle to adjust spray from CLOSE to SPRAY or STREAM. [Graphic depiction]
3. [When priming the sprayer, hold sprayer level to the ground. Sprayer may not prime if it is held at an angle. Once primed, it will spray in any direction. (Graphical representation.)]

[Optional Subheading: How to Use the AccuShot™ Sprayer [Alternate: EzSpray™]]

1. Aim toward target [weeds/plants] [Area to be treated], and away from people and pets.
2. [To improve accuracy, use slider to extend wand.][Use slider to extend wand and to improve accuracy.]
3. Press the trigger to spray.
4. Release the trigger to stop spray.

After use: 1. Twist nozzle completely to CLOSE position. 2. Secure sprayer [upright] [tip down] in [holder] [holster].
3. Failure to adjust nozzle completely to CLOSE position and properly secure sprayer in [holder][holster] may result in leakage and damage to property or injury to people or animals.

[Keep reusable AccuShot sprayer for use with Chemsico Lawn Weed Killer RTU]

Optional Directions for Replacing Batteries:

[To replace batteries: 1. [Slide battery compartment door to unlatch and open.] [Push release button near nozzle and lift up on battery hatch.] .] [Use screwdriver to open battery compartment] 2. Remove used batteries and insert [four] [two] new AA batteries **in correct positions** as marked per diagram inside of battery compartment. Never insert the positive end where the negative end belongs and vice versa. **Always** use a complete set of new batteries of the same type when replacing batteries. **Never** mix alkaline, carbon-zinc or rechargeable batteries. 3. Securely close battery compartment door. 4. **Always** follow manufacturer's recommendations for use and disposal of batteries. **Additional Operating Notes:** Do not submerge in water. Before each use inspect sprayer carefully, make sure hose is flexible and not kinked, worn or cracked, and that all connections are tight. When storing sprayer for prolonged periods remove batteries.]

[OPTION F: Directions for EzSpray™ Sprayer and AccuShot™ Sprayer with Snap Adapt Cap]**[Optional Subheading: How to Use [AccuShot Sprayer™] [Alternate: EzSpray™]]**

1. [Unwrap sprayer.] Remove sprayer from side holder [Alternate: holster]. [Unwrap the tubing] [Gently pull tubing out]. [Graphic depiction]
2. Open flip top closure [Graphic depiction]
3. Securely snap the hose plug into opening in cap until it snaps into place. [Graphic depiction]
4. Slide switch on hose plug counter-clockwise to "OPEN" [Graphic depiction]
5. Remove plastic tab near [top] [bottom] of sprayer to activate batteries. [Graphic depiction]
6. Twist nozzle to adjust spray from CLOSE to SPRAY or STREAM. [Graphic depiction]
7. [When priming the sprayer, hold sprayer level to the ground. Squeeze and hold trigger until liquid comes out the nozzle. Sprayer may not prime if it is held at an angle. Once primed, it will spray in any direction. (Graphical representation.)]

[Alternate AccuShot Sprayer Directions with Snap Adapt Cap]

1. Remove cap and replace with reusable AccuShot cap and Sprayer. Make sure sprayer cap is tightly closed before use
2. Twist nozzle to adjust spray from CLOSE to SPRAY or STREAM. [Graphic depiction]
3. Slide switch on hose plug counter-clockwise to "OPEN" [Graphic depiction]
4. [When priming the sprayer, hold sprayer level to the ground. Sprayer may not prime if it is held at an angle. Once primed, it will spray in any direction. (Graphical representation.)]

[Optional Subheading: How To Use the AccuShot™ Sprayer [Alternate: EzSpray™]] (For use with Snap Adapt Cap version of Directions)

- Aim toward target [site] [area to be treated], and away from people and pets.
- [To improve accuracy, use slider to extend wand.][Use slider to extend wand and to improve accuracy.]
- Press the trigger to spray.
- Release the trigger to stop spray.

After use: 1. Twist sprayer nozzle completely to CLOSE position. 2. Turn hose plug switch clockwise to "CLOSED".
3. Secure sprayer upright [tip down] in [holster] [holder]. 4. Failure to adjust nozzle completely to CLOSE position and properly secure sprayer in [holster] [holder] may result in leakage and damage to property or injury to people or animals.

[Keep reusable AccuShot sprayer for use with Chemsico Lawn Weed Killer RTU]

(Optional Directions for Replacing Batteries)

[To replace batteries: 1. [Slide battery compartment door to unlatch and open.] [Use screwdriver to open battery compartment [Push release button near nozzle and lift up on battery hatch.] 2. Remove used batteries and insert [four] [two] new AA batteries **in correct positions** as marked per diagram inside of battery compartment. Never insert the positive end where the negative end belongs and vice versa. **Always** use a complete set of new batteries of the same type when replacing batteries. **Never** mix alkaline, carbon-zinc or rechargeable batteries. 3. Securely close battery compartment door. 4. **Always** follow manufacturer's recommendations for use and disposal of batteries.]

Additional Operating Notes: Do not submerge in water. Before each use, inspect sprayer carefully, making sure hose is flexible and not kinked, worn or cracked, and that all connections are tight. When storing sprayer for prolonged periods, remove batteries.

(Optional Use Tips)**[Use Tips:**

- [Some hard-to-kill weeds may require re-treatment. Wait at least two weeks between applications—some weeds can take that long to die.]
- [Rainproof—rain or watering 10 minutes after application will not wash away effectiveness.] [If rainfall occurs within 10 minutes of application, the product should be reapplied.]]
- [Spray during growing season when weeds are actively growing.]
- [[For best results,] mow lawn 2 to 3 days before treating weeds.]
- [To avoid risk of lawn injury, do not spray drought-stressed lawns.]
- [Watering immediately after treatment may wash away effectiveness.]
- [Wait until newly seeded grass is well-established or after the third mowing before applying this product.]
- [Treated areas may be reseeded 3 to 4 weeks after application.]
- [Adjust nozzle to produce a coarse spray. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift. Avoid fine mists.]
- [If certain tough weeds are not dead within 3 weeks, repeat application to [Alternate: in] affected area[s] using spot treatment directions.]
- [Application to zoysia lawns when they are emerging from dormancy in the spring may [Alternate: has the potential to] cause [lawn] damage.]
- [Over application [especially at [daytime temperatures of] 90°F [or higher]] may [Alternate: has the potential to] cause [lawn] damage [Alternate: “burning”].]
- [Application to bermudagrass may [Alternate: has the potential to] cause temporary yellowing [Alternate: [or] discoloration] [when applied at [daytime temperatures of] 90°F [or higher]] but full recovery can be expected.]

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (For use with Trigger Sprayer)

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool, dry area away from heat or open flame.

Pesticide Disposal and Container Handling: **If empty:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling, if available. **If partly filled:** Call your local solid waste agency or for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (For use with EZSPRAY Sprayer)

Pesticide Storage: Turn the nozzle to “CLOSE” position. To prevent leakage, attach sprayer to clip. Store this product only in its original container in a secure storage area away from sources of heat or open flame. Protect product from freezing.

Pesticide Disposal and Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. **If empty:** Place in trash or offer for recycling, if available. **If partly filled:** Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (For use with AccuShot Sprayer)

Pesticide Storage: Turn the nozzle to “CLOSE” position. To prevent leakage, attach sprayer to clip. Store this product only in its original container in a secure storage area away from sources of heat or open flame and in an area inaccessible to children and pets. Keep from freezing.

Pesticide Disposal and Container Handling: Do not discard the AccuShot Sprayer. Keep the AccuShot Sprayer for use on Chemsico Lawn Weed Killer RTU. Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. **If empty:** Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. **If partly filled:** Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (For use with AccuShot Sprayer with Snap Adapt Cap)

Pesticide Storage: Turn the nozzle to "CLOSE" position. To prevent leakage, place sprayer in holster. Store this product only in its original container in a secure storage area away from sources of heat or open flame and in an area inaccessible to children and pets. Keep from freezing.

Pesticide Disposal and Container Handling: Do not discard the AccuShot Sprayer. Keep the AccuShot Sprayer for use on Chemsico Lawn Weed Killer RTU. Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. **If empty:** Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. **If partly filled:** Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (For use with EZSpray Sprayer with Snap Adapt Cap)

Pesticide Storage: Turn the nozzle to "CLOSE" position. To prevent leakage, place sprayer in holster. Store this product only in its original container in a secure storage area away from sources of heat or open flame and in an area inaccessible to children and pets. Keep from freezing.

Pesticide Disposal and Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. **If empty:** Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. **If partly filled:** Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

NOTICE: To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.

[*Guaranteed Results:** Guaranteed Results or your money back. If you are not satisfied with this product for any reason, send your written request for a refund to the address below, together with the dated store receipt showing the price you paid. Please allow 6-8 weeks for processing.]

Chemsico, Div. of United Industries Corp.

P.O. Box 142642

St. Louis, MO 63114-0642

EPA Reg. No. 9688-341

EPA Est. No. 9688-MO-1

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Optional Marketing Claims**Efficacy Claims**

1. Kills xx+ Weeds [- Roots and All] as listed
2. Kills 460+ Weeds [- Roots and All] as listed
3. Kills 450+ Weeds [- Roots and All] as listed
4. Kills 466 Weeds [- Roots and All] as listed
5. Kills more than [Alternate: over] xx Weeds [- Roots and All] as listed
6. Kills more than [Alternate: over] 460 Weeds [- Roots and All] as listed
7. Kills more than [Alternate: over] 450 Weeds [- Roots and All] as listed
8. Kills xx+ Weeds [including [pick any combination from weed list]] as listed
9. Kills 460+ Weeds [including [pick any combination from weed list]] as listed
10. Kills 450+ Weeds [including [pick any combination from weed list]] as listed
11. Kills 466 Weeds [including [pick any combination from weed list]] as listed
12. Kills more than [Alternate: over] xx+ Weeds as listed [including [pick any combination from weed list]]
13. Kills more than [Alternate: over] 460 Weeds as listed [including [pick any combination from weed list]]
14. Kills more than [Alternate: over] 450 Weeds as listed [including [pick any combination from weed list]]
15. Kills xx+ types of weeds as listed [including [pick any combination from weed list]]
16. Kills 460+ types of weeds as listed [including [pick any combination from weed list]]
17. Kills 450+ types of weeds as listed [including [pick any combination from weed list]]
18. Kills 466 types of weeds as listed [including [pick any combination from weed list]]
19. Kills more than [Alternate: over] xx of weeds as listed [including [pick any combination from weed list]]
20. Kills more than [Alternate: over] 460 weeds as listed [including [pick any combination from weed list]]
21. Kills more than [Alternate: over] 450 weeds as listed [including [pick any combination from weed list]]
22. Kills [Any combination of the following may be displayed on product label: Dandelion, Chickweed, Wild onion, Plantain, Poison ivy and many others.] Weed details on back.
23. Kills all weeds as listed [including [pick any combination from weed list]]
24. Kills all types of listed broadleaf weeds
25. Kills all listed [major] broadleaf weeds
26. Kills all [major] listed broadleaf weeds
27. Kills broadleaf weeds in lawns as listed
28. Kills all major broadleaf weeds as listed, roots and all. And [Chemsico Lawn Weed Killer RTU] is formulated to kill only the weeds, not the lawn. Use as directed to kill all major listed broadleaf weeds in your lawn.
29. Kills dandelion and many other broadleaf weeds as listed
30. Kills all major listed broadleaf weeds [like clover, dandelion, oxalis]
31. Kills [dandelion], [chickweed], [wild onion], [oxalis], [plantain], [poison ivy] [and many others as listed]. [See Weed details on back.]
32. Kills both listed broadleaf and listed grassy weeds
33. Kills all types of weeds as listed
34. Kills [Alternate: controls] yellow nutsedge [foxtail]
35. Kills [Alternate: controls] all types of [lawn] weeds as listed
36. Kills Yellow Nutsedge
37. Kills poison ivy and poison oak
38. Provides broadleaf control
39. Controls [Alternate: Kills] clover, dandelion, plantain, chickweed and [other listed broadleaf weeds [Alternate: others as listed]]
40. Clobbers clover
41. [Complete] clover control [in as little as one week]
42. Controls clover in one week
43. Destroys the hard-to-kill broadleaf weeds as listed [like [clover] [dandelion] [oxalis]]
44. Effective [Listed] [Broadleaf] Weed Protection
45. [Chemsico Lawn Weed Killer RTU] controls more than xx troublesome weeds as listed including dandelion, clover, plantain and wild onion. It kills even woody weeds like poison ivy and poison oak in both northern and southern lawns.
46. Lists Twice The Weeds! as our [product name] product.
47. Lists Twice the Weeds! as the previous [product name] formula.
48. Chemsico Lawn Weed Killer RTU lists twice the weeds as the previous formula [*Insert product brand name*].
49. Use on Lawns to Kill the Toughest Weeds like Clover and Dandelion.
50. Tough weed killer
51. Especially effective on all types of hard-to-kill weeds as listed
52. Kills even the tough[est] broadleaf weeds as listed [like clover, dandelion, oxalis]
53. Kills listed weed roots!]
54. Kills the root
55. 100% root kill
56. Kills to the root [so weeds won't come [grow] back]

[Bracketed Text] = Optional Language

-
57. Kills the root[s] [so weeds don't come back] [the first time, every time] [guaranteed]
58. Kills the weed you see and the root[s] you don't
59. Kills more weeds [than previous [product name] formula] *Note to reviewer: Limited to other products under the same brand name*
60. Kills tough lawn weeds as listed
61. Especially effective on all listed types of hard-to-kill weeds
62. Tough on weeds. Gentle [easy] on lawns†
63. Easy on lawns [grass], tough on weeds! †
- Note to reviewer: Any reference to "Now" will be limited to use for 6 months after introduction into the marketplace*
64. Targets the toughest [stubborn] listed weeds [yellow nutsedge].
65. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] XX weeds as listed
66. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] XX listed weeds
67. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] [pick any weed from weed list] [as listed]
68. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] [pick any combination from weed list] as listed
69. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] troublesome [Alternate: tough, tough to kill, hard to kill, sensitive, woody] weeds as listed
70. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] troublesome [Alternate: tough, tough to kill, hard to kill, sensitive, woody] listed weeds
71. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] common [Alternate: major] weeds as listed
72. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] common [Alternate: major] listed weeds
73. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] common [Alternate: major] weeds as listed in your [Alternate: the] lawn [Alternate: grass]
74. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] common [Alternate: major] listed weeds in your [Alternate: the] lawn [Alternate: grass]
75. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] weeds as listed in one easy [Alternate: simple] step
76. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] listed weeds in one easy [Alternate: simple] step
77. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] weeds as listed - roots and all
78. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] listed weeds - roots and all
79. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] XX more weeds as listed [than previous Product Name] *Note to reviewer: Limited to other products under the same brand name*
80. [Also][Alternate: Now] Kills [Alternate: Controls, Targets] XX% more weeds as listed than [previous Product Name] *Note to reviewer: Limited to other products under the same brand name*
81. Guaranteed*** Not to Harm Lawns†
82. Guaranteed*** Not to Harm Your Lawn†
83. Guaranteed*** to kill weeds not the lawn†
84. Guaranteed*** not to harm the lawn†
85. Won't Harm Lawns†
86. Will not Harm [Your] Lawn[s] †
87. Won't harm your [the] lawn† [guaranteed*]
88. Won't harm grass† [lawns†] [when used as directed]
89. [Only] targets the weeds, leaving your lawn [grass] unharmed†
90. [Will Not] [Won't] Harm [Your] [listed] Lawn[s]†
91. Controls the [listed] Weed, but Won't Harm [listed] Lawns†
92. Formulated to kill weeds not the lawn
93. Gentle on lawns [grass], tough on weeds! †
94. Gentle on lawns [guaranteed***]
95. Kills weeds, not lawn grasses†
96. Kills [down to] the root, [not the lawn]
97. Kills Listed Weeds - [Won't Harm Lawns†]
98. Kills listed Weeds Fast
99. Kills listed Weeds Not Lawns†
100. Kills the weed, but won't harm [listed] lawns†
101. Kills the Weeds, not the Lawn†™
102. Kills weeds [including yellow nutsedge]- not the lawn†.
103. Kills weeds dead†
104. Kills weeds down to the root [not the lawn]
105. Kills weeds in your lawn—won't harm lawn grasses [Lawn Weed Killer]
106. Kills weeds, roots and all†
107. Kills Weeds, Won't Harm Lawns† [Guaranteed]***
108. Kills Weeds—Not Lawn Grasses†
109. Targets weeds, leaves grasses [Alternate: the lawn] unharmed†

† when used as directed

Speed Claims

- 110. [Works fast] on [hard-to-kill] weeds as listed
- 111. Our fastest formula
- 112. Our fastest lawn weed killer
- 113. Fast acting [formula]
- 114. Kills by contact
- 115. Starts working on contact
- 116. Starts working immediately
- 117. Works fast on [hard-to-kill] listed weeds
- 118. [Now] See [Alternate: with] visible results [Alternate: symptoms] in 3 hours
- 119. [Now] See [Alternate: with] visible results [Alternate: symptoms] in [X] hours
- 120. [Now] See [Alternate: with] results [Alternate: symptoms] in 3 hours
- 121. [Now] See [Alternate: with] results [Alternate: symptoms] in [X] hours
- 122. [Fast-acting for] visible results [Alternate: symptoms] in 3 hours
- 123. [Fast-acting for] visible results [Alternate: symptoms] in [X] hours
- 124. [Fast-acting for] results [Alternate: symptoms] in 3 hours
- 125. [Fast-acting for] results [Alternate: symptoms] in [X] hours
- 126. Visible results [Alternate: symptoms] [as fast as] [in] 3 hours
- 127. Visible results [Alternate: symptoms] [as fast as] [in] [X] hours
- 128. Consistently fast on tough weeds like clover, [plantain], [ground ivy] [and spurge] [various other weeds listed]

Rainproof Claims

- 129. Rainproof [Alternate: Rainfast, Rain-Resistant] [in 10 minutes] [Won't wash away]
- 130. Rainproof [Alternate: Rainfast, Rain-Resistant] [in [X] minutes] [Won't wash away]
- 131. Rainproof [Alternate: Rainfast, Rain-Resistant] in [as little as] 10 minutes [Won't wash away]
- 132. Rainproof [Alternate: Rainfast, Rain-Resistant] in [as little as] [X] minutes [Won't wash away]
- 133. Rainproof [Alternate: Rainfast, Rain-Resistant] in 10 minutes- [For control that] won't wash away
- 134. [Graphic Icon with blades of grass and water droplets]

Coverage Claims

- 135. [Great][Ideal] for [broadcast][spot] [treatment][application]
- 136. [Great][Ideal] for [large][and][or][small] [jobs][areas]
- 137. [X Size] Covers [treats] up to [XXXX] sq.ft.
- 138. 1 quart [32 fl oz] covers [Alternate: treats] up to 250 sq.ft.
- 139. 128 fl oz [One gallon] covers [Alternate: treats] up to 1,000 sq ft
- 140. 1.33 [1.3] gallons covers [Alternate: treats] up to 1,300 sq ft
- 141. Treat your whole lawn

When To Use

- 142. [When to Use:] [For best results], apply when temperature is between 45°F -90°F [Above 45°F, the better the weeds will be able to absorb the product.] [Applying above 90°F could result in lawn damage.] [To avoid drift to desirable plants, don't apply when it's windy]
- 143. [When to Use:] [For best results,] apply between 45°F -90°F.
- 144. [When to Use:] [For best results,] apply when daytime temperature is between 45°F -90°F.
- 145. [When to Use:] [For best results,] apply when temperature is between 45°F -90°F.
- 146. [When to Use:] Above 45°F, the better the weeds will be able to absorb the product.
- 147. [When to Use:] Above 45°F, the better the weeds will be able to absorb the product; applying above 90° could result in lawn damage.
- 148. [When to Use:] Works faster above 45°F.
- 149. [When to Use:] Applying above 90°F could result in lawn damage.
- 150. [When to Use:] Lawn damage could happen above 90°F.
- 151. [When to Use:] To avoid drift to desirable plants, don't apply when it's windy
- 152. [Even] works in cold [and hot] weather [temperatures]
- 153. [Cool] [all] weather performance
- 154. Performs in both warm and cool weather
- 155. Performs in both hot and cold weather

Where To Use

- 156. [Where to Use:] Lawns
- 157. For [use on] lawns
- 158. For a [beautiful] [weed-free] lawn
- 159. For use on lawns
- 160. For home lawns only
- 161. For home lawn care
- 162. For a beautiful, weed-free lawn

163. Ideal for spot treating individual lawn weeds
164. For use on [many Northern & Southern] [Alternate: many cool season, warm season, cool and warm season] grasses [lawns] including [Kentucky bluegrass] [perennial bluegrass] [fescue spp. Including tall, red and fine leaf fescues] [fescue] [tall fescue] [red fescue] [fine leaf fescue] [bentgrass] [bermudagrass] [bahagrass] [zoysiagrass*] [St. Augustinegrass**] [and] [Centipedegrass]
165. For use on [Kentucky bluegrass] [perennial bluegrass] [fescue spp. Including tall, red and fine leaf fescues] [fescue] [tall fescue] [red fescue] [fine leaf fescue] [bentgrass] [bermudagrass] [bahagrass] [zoysiagrass*] [St. Augustinegrass**] [and] [Centipedegrass]
166. [For use on] [Can [also] be used] [around] [most] [many] [a wide range of] [Flowers] [Flower Beds] [Trees] [Shrubs] [Ornamentals]
167. For use on Northern and Southern Grasses [including [Bluegrass], [Fescue], [Zoysia*], [Bermuda], [Perennial Ryegrass]]
168. Treats Bluegrass, Fescue, Zoysia*, Bermuda, Perennial ryegrass
169. Treats Northern & Southern Lawns [Grasses]: [Bluegrass], [Fescue], [Zoysia*], [Bermuda], [St. Augustine**], [Bentgrass], [Centipede], [Bahia], [Rye]
170. Treats Warm Season and Cool Season Grasses
171. [Treats] Warm Season and Cool Season Grasses: Bluegrass, Fescue, Zoysia*, Bermuda, St. Augustine*, Bentgrass, Centipede, Bahia, Perennial Ryegrass

**Do not use on Floratam or Bitterblue varieties of St. Augustinegrass.

*Do not apply to Zoysiagrass just emerging from dormancy.

What It Does

172. [What it Does:] Kills all types of listed [broadleaf] weeds, including dandelion, [clover], [chickweed], [plantain] and [henbit] [(see inside for complete list)]
173. [What it Does:] Kills all types of listed [broadleaf] weeds
174. [What it Does:] Kills all types of listed [broadleaf] weeds, including [dandelion], [clover], [chickweed], [plantain] and [henbit]
175. [What it Does:] Kills all types of listed [broadleaf] weeds [including [pick any combination from weed list]]
176. [What it Does:] Kills all types of listed [broadleaf] weeds, including [dandelion], [clover], [chickweed], [plantain] and [henbit] [(see inside for complete list)]
177. [What it Does:] Kills all types of listed [broadleaf and grassy] weeds, including [dandelion], [clover], [chickweed], [plantain] and [yellow nutsedge] [(see inside for complete list)]

How It Works

178. [How it Works:] Weeds have different types of roots and need different chemicals in order to kill each type; these chemicals work to kill the cells of the weeds by entering the plant through the leaves and moving down to the roots
179. [How it Works:] Weeds have different types of roots and need different chemicals in order to kill each type
180. [How it Works:] Different chemicals are needed to kill different root types
181. [How it Works:] Different chemicals are needed to kill different weeds [and grasses]
182. [How it Works:] These chemicals work to kill the cells of the weeds [and grasses] by entering the plant through the leaves and moving down to the roots
183. [How it Works:] These chemicals work to kill the cells of the weeds by entering the plant through the leaves and moving down to the roots
184. [How it Works:] These chemicals kill weed cells by entering through leaves and moving to roots
185. [How it Works:] These chemicals kill weeds by killing the plant cells
186. [How it Works:] 2,4-D [:] Kills broadleaf [(dandelion-type)] weeds to the root [fast]
187. [How it Works:] Dicamba [:] Kills [tough] broadleaf [(dandelion-type)] [(thistle-type)] weeds to the root
188. [How it Works:] Mecoprop [:] Kills broadleaf (clover-type) weeds to the root systemically
189. [How it Works:] Sulfentrazone [:] Kills [yellow nutsedge] [and other] [broadleaf and grassy weed types] to the root [fast]
190. Powered by [Alternates: Built on, Fueled by, Charged with] 4 Active Ingredients [-2,4-D, Mecoprop, Dicamba, Sulfentrazone -] [for [quick] [lawn] weed killing [power]]!
191. Effective formula [- 2,4-D, Mecoprop, Dicamba, Sulfentrazone -] for killing [lawn] weeds
192. Contains four active ingredients [-2,4-D, Mecoprop, Dicamba, Sulfentrazone -] for [quick] [lawn] weed killing [power]
193. Quad[ruple]-Powered [Lawn] Weed Killing Formula [-2,4-D, Mecoprop, Dicamba, Sulfentrazone] [Graphic icon with lightning bolt]
194. [Product Name] singles out weeds enters through leaves and moves inside the weed to the roots
195. Systemic [Herbicide] [Activity]
196. Systemic activity kills to the root
197. Spray the [weed/leaves] to kill the root

What To Expect

198. [What to Expect:] †Visual symptoms and time to complete kill will depend on weed type, temperature and application rate. Examples of visual symptoms you can expect to see as the product works are yellowing/browning of leaves and leaves curling, twisting, wilting and shriveling. Treated, dead weeds will gradually decompose and disappear. If you would prefer to remove the dead weeds by hand, wait up to 7 days after treatment to allow the product to do its job and kill the weeds to the root.
199. [What to Expect:] Examples of visual symptoms you can expect to see as the product works are yellowing/browning of leaves and leaves curling, twisting, wilting and shriveling.
200. [What to Expect:] Expected visual symptoms: yellowing/browning of leaves and leaves curling, twisting, wilting and shriveling.
201. [What to Expect:] Expected visual symptoms: leaves yellowing/browning, then curling, twisting, wilting and shriveling.
202. [What to Expect:] Examples of visual symptoms are yellowing/browning of leaves and leaves curling, twisting, wilting and shriveling.
203. [What to Expect:] †Visual symptoms and time to 100% kill [will] depend on weed type, temperature and application rate
204. [What to Expect:] †Visual symptoms and time to complete kill [will] depend on weed type, temperature and application rate
205. [What to Expect:] Weed type, temperature and application rate affect visual symptoms and time to complete [100%] kill
206. †Visual symptoms and time to complete kill will depend on weed type and temperature
207. Treated, dead weeds [and grasses] will gradually decompose and disappear; if you would prefer to remove the dead weeds and grasses by hand, wait up to 7 days after treatment to allow the product to do its job and kill the weeds and grasses to the root
208. Treated, dead weeds [and grasses] will gradually decompose and disappear
209. Dead weeds [and grasses] eventually decompose [and disappear]
210. Dead weeds [and grasses] gradually decompose [and disappear]
211. Dead weeds [and grasses] decompose [and disappear]
212. If you would prefer to remove the dead weeds [and grasses] by hand, wait up to 7 days after treatment to allow the product to do its job and kill the weeds [and grasses] to the root
213. [If you'd prefer], wait 7 days for product to kill weeds [and grasses] to the root then remove by hand
214. [If you'd prefer], pull dead weeds [and grasses] after 7 days
215. [If you'd prefer], wait 7 days then pull dead weeds [and grasses]
216. [If you'd prefer], pull them after 7 days
217. [Product Name] is a selective herbicide that controls listed emerged broadleaf and grass weeds in established lawns. Symptoms you may expect to see on affected broadleaf weeds include leaf reddening, leaf and stem curling and twisting, yellowing and eventual death. Symptoms expected on grass weeds include stunting, chlorosis, gradual reddening and necrosis.

Guarantee Claims

218. Guaranteed*** [Results]
219. Guaranteed*** [results] or your money back [Alternate: Money back guarantee*]
220. Guaranteed*** results [with one application]
221. Guaranteed*** Satisfaction
222. Guaranteed*** to kill to the root so weeds won't come back
223. 100% Satisfaction Guaranteed*** (or your money back)
224. Kills listed Weeds the First Time, Every Time, Guaranteed***

***If you are not satisfied with this product for any reason, send your written request for a refund to the address at left, together with the original dated store receipt showing the price you paid. Please allow 6 to 8 weeks for processing.

Introduction Claims *(Note to reviewer: These claims will only appear on the product package for up to 6 months)*

225. New
226. Improved
227. New and Improved
228. Now
229. Limited Time Offer

Special Size/Pack Claims

230. [Bonus] 25% More Free!
231. 40 fl.oz. at 32 fl.oz. price
232. [Bonus] X% More Free!
233. [Insert value]% Free [More] [than X] qualify

[Bracketed Text] = Optional Language

- 234. [Insert value]% More Value size [than X] qualify
- 235. X% More Coverage
- 236. X fl.oz. at X fl.oz. price
- 237. Bonus [value/size/offer/package/pack/buy]
- 238. Bonus [Size] [XX% More] [vs. XX oz size]
- 239. Bonus [X] oz size – [X]% more than [X] oz size
- 240. Value [size/offer/package/pack/buy]
- 241. Value [Size] [XX% More] [vs. XX oz size]
- 242. Value [X] oz size – [X]% more than [X] oz size
- 243. Special [value/size/offer/package/pack/buy]
- 244. Special [Size] [XX% More] [vs. XX oz size]
- 245. Special [X] oz size – [X]% more than [X] oz size
- 246. Bundle Pack
- 247. Club [value/size/offer/package/pack/buy]
- 248. Combo [value/size/offer/package/pack/buy]

Other Claims

- 249. Weed problems in non-lawn areas [like garden beds, patios and driveways]? [Try][Alternate: We recommend, Use] Spectracide(R) Weed & Grass Killer products [Alternate: *Insert Brand Names* for Chemsico Weed & Grass Killer RTU 3A and Chemsico Herbicide Concentrate 3A; Spectracide Weed & Grass Killer products (Ready-to-use and concentrate).
- 250. Weed problems in non-lawns areas[like garden beds, patios and driveways]? [Try][Alternate: We recommend, Use] Spectracide(R) Weed & Grass Killer with Extended Control products [Alternate: *Insert Brand Names* for Chemsico Herbicide RTU 4A and Chemsico Herbicide Concentrate 4A ; Spectracide Weed & Grass Killer products with Extended Control products (Ready-to-use and concentrate). [It kills & prevents weeds [all season long][for 5 months]]
- 251. Let [*Insert brand name* for Chemsico Lawn Weed Killer RTU] [Alternate: the liquid] do the weeding
- 252. Full weed list
- 253. People and pets may enter treated area after spray has dried.
- 254. Read Back Label [for more information]
- 255. Read inside front label [for more information][for weed list]
- 256. Read [inside] [front booklet][back booklet] for [complete] weed list
- 257. See inside front label [for more information][for weed list]
- 258. See [inside] [front booklet][back booklet] for [complete] weed list
- 259. See inside booklet for complete Directions for Use [including where to use and when to use]
- 260. Read Entire label before use
- 261. [Quick and] Easy [and simple] to use
- 262. [The] Easy way to spray
- 263. A simple [Alternate: An easy] step towards a weed free lawn [Alternate: yard]
- 264. A simple and effective way to kill breakthrough and pop up weeds in your yard/lawn/grass
- 265. Be in control of weeds in your yard
- 266. Be smarter than your weeds
- 267. Easy & Fast Coverage
- 268. Easy [and simple] to use
- 269. Easy [to use]
- 270. Effortless
- 271. No weeds. No worry.
- 272. Works the first time, every time
- 273. Results [works] with 1 [one] application
- 274. Simple [and easy] [to use]
- 275. Simple [and easy] steps to a weed free [lawn] [yard]
- 276. Weed control [for lawns]
- 277. Weed control made easy
- 278. Weed deadly. Lawn friendly.
- 279. Lawn-friendly formula
- 280. Weed free. [Worry free.]
- 281. Not All Weed Killers Are the Same
- 282. [For] [Get] a weed free lawn
- 283. Help[s] [keep[s]] the lawn look[ing] beautiful
- 284. Helps keep lawns weed-free
- 285. Takes the guesswork out of weed control [in the lawn]
- 286. Miss your pre-emergent weed application? It's not too late. Kills post emergent [listed] grass weeds
- 287. A simple [an easy] step towards a weed free lawn [yard]
- 288. Double [Dual] [Two-Way] Action – Kills [listed] Broadleaf and Grassy Weeds
- 289. Dual Action Weed Control – Kills the Plant and the Root

290. [Two-in-One][Three-in-One][All-In-One] Product [Solution] that Kills Grassy & Broadleaf Weeds (See inside booklet for a complete list of weeds controlled)
291. [Two-Way][Three-Way] Weed Control [For Lawns]
292. [Two][Three] Products in One
293. One [easy][simple] solution for [pick any combination from weed list]
294. Long lasting [formula]

Delivery System Claims

295. EzSpray Power Action Sprayer [batteries included]
296. [Please Read Before Use] – When Priming, Hold Sprayer Level to the Ground. If Held at an Angle, Sprayer Will not Prime
297. EzSpray Easy Setup
298. Continuous Spray
299. Increased Pressure for (5 Minute) Continuous Spray
300. Up to 5 [10] [X] minutes of Continuous Spray
301. Adjustable Spray Patterns [For Spot Application][Covers Large Area]
302. Extended Wand for Hard-to-Reach Areas
303. Locking Trigger Reduces Hand Fatigue
304. Easy Action Pump [Sprayer]
305. No Assembly Required
306. Reusable Battery Sprayer
307. Battery Powered Sprayer
308. Reusable Auto Trigger [Sprayer]
309. For Use with Reusable Auto Trigger [Sprayer]
310. Refill
311. Continuous [Adjustable] Spray [for Entire Home Protection]
312. Continuous Action Power Sprayer
313. Continuous Power Trigger [Spray]
314. Press and Hold Technology
315. EZSpray
316. Comfort Power Sprayer [Trigger]
317. Reduces[No] Hand Fatigue
318. No pumping [no squeezing], just press to spray
319. Batteries [not] included
320. Includes [X] AA Batteries
321. AccuShot
322. AccuShot Sprayer
323. [Just] Aim & Spray
324. Comfort-Power-Precision
325. With Extendable Wand [for improved accuracy]
326. With Adjustable Wand [for improved accuracy]
327. For use with Reusable AccuShot Sprayer [from [insert product name]]

OPTIONAL PICTURES AND ACCOMPANYING LANGUAGE (*Note to Reviewer: Pictures will not appear on product label without text that lists the type of weed, time difference between the pictures, and description of visual symptoms*)



OPTIONAL LANGUAGE FOR PICTURES

1. †Visual symptoms and time to complete kill [will] depend on weed [and grass] type, temperature and application rate
2. †Visual symptoms and time to 100% kill [will] depend on weed [and grass] type, temperature and application rate
3. †Weed [and grass] type, temperature and application rate affect visual symptoms and time to complete kill
4. Examples of visual symptoms you can expect to see as the product works are yellowing/browning of leaves and [Bracketed Text] = Optional Language

-
- leaves curling, twisting, wilting and shriveling.
5. Examples of visual symptoms are yellowing/browning of leaves and leaves curling, twisting, wilting and shriveling.
 6. Expected visual symptoms: yellowing/browning of leaves and leaves curling, twisting, wilting and shriveling.
 7. Expected visual symptoms: leaves yellowing/browning, then curling, twisting, wilting and shriveling.

Optional Weed List

[Option 1 for Weed List Display: Paragraph form]

Weed List**[KILLS] [CONTROLS] MOST COMMON [TOUGH] WEEDS INCLUDING:**

Alder, Alfalfa (Lucerne), Alpine aster, Alsike Clover, alyce clover, American black elderberry, American elm (White elm), American hazel, American persimmon (Common persimmon), American speedwell (American brooklime), American yellowrocket, amur honeysuckle, Annual knawel (German knotweed), Annual nettle (Dwarf nettle), Annual rape (Wild rape), Annual Sowthistle (common sowthistle, milk sowthistle), Annual trampweed, Annual wild geranium (Spotted geranium, wood geranium, Cranesbill), annual yellow sweet clover, arkansas rose, Artichoke thistle, Asiatic pennywort, Asiatic witchweed, Atlantic white cedar (Southern white cedar), Austrian fieldcress, Ball Mustard, Bedstraw, Beggarweed (Creeping beggarweed), big leaf maple, Bigroot Morningglory, Bigtooth aspen (American aspen, White poplar), Bi-lobed Speedwell (Twolobe speedwell), bindweed (wild morningglory), Bird vetch, bitter sneezeweed, Bitterweed, Black bent (Redtop), Black birch (River birch, Water birch), Black cherry, black cottonwood, Black medick, Black mustard, black willow, Blackberry, Blackberry elder, Black-eyed Susan, Blackseed plantain, Blessed thistle, Bloodflower (Tropical milkweed, Mexican butterfly weed), Blue ash, Blue elderberry, Blue lettuce, Blue Mustard, blue toadflax, Blue vervain, Blue woodsorrel, Blunt-leaved milkweed (Clasping milkweed), box elder, Bracted plantain, Brambles, Brass buttons, Brazil Pusley, brazilian pepper, Bristly Mallow, Bristly oxtongue, Broadleaf knotweed, Broad-leaved dock, Broomweed, buckwheat, Bulbous buttercup, Bull mallow (French mallow), bull nettle, bull thistle, Bur oak, burclover, Burning nettle (Stinging nettle), bushy aster, bushy buttonweed, Buttonweed (Rough buttonweed, Poorjoe), California knotweed, california rose, California wild grape, Canada thistle, Carolina geranium (wild), Carpetweed, catchweed, Catchweed bedstraw, Catnip, Catsear (catsear dandelion, false dandelion, spotted and common catsear), Chamber bitter, chamise, Chickweed (Common chickweed), Chicory, Chinese yarrow (Siberian yarrow), Chinkapin oak, choke cherry, coffeebean, coffeeweed (Colorado River-hemp), common burdock, Common cinquefoil (Oldfield cinquefoil), Common cocklebur (Rough cocklebur, Large cocklebur), Common Dandelion, common groundsel, Common hawkweed (Yellow hawkweed), Common hawthorn, Common honeysuckle (Woodbine), Common iceplant, common knapweed, Common knotgrass (Knotweed), Common Lespedeza, Common lupine, Common mallow (Alkali mallow, buttonweed, cheeseweed, dwarf mallow), common mullein, Common primrose (English primrose), Common Purslane, common ragweed, Common salsify (Goatsbeard), Common snowberry, Common Speedwell, Common sunflower, common tarweed, Common thistle (Bull thistle), Common yellow woodsorrel (Yellow woodsorrel, Common yellow oxalis), coral bead, corn chamomile, Corn Speedwell, Corn spurry, coyote brush, Creeping Buttercup, Creeping Woodsorrel, Crimson Clover, Cudweed (Purple cudweed), Cupid shaving brush, Curly dock (Curled dock, Yellow dock, Sour dock), Curly indigo (Sensitive jointvetch), Curlycup gumweed, cutleaf evening primrose, Daisy Fleabane (annual), dead nettle, Desert wild grape, Dewberry (Garden dewberry), Dichondra (Carolina ponysfoot), distaff thistle, Dogbane, Dogfennel, Dollarweed (Manyflower marshpennywort), drummonds thistle, elk thistle, English Daisy, Eucalyptus (Bluegum, Tasmanian bluegum, Southern blue-gum), evergreen blackberry, fall dandelion, false flax, False sunflower, Fennel, Field bindweed (*morningglory & creeping jenny), Field burrweed (lawn burrweed, common soliva, spurweed), Field horsetail (Common horsetail, Mare's tail), Field mouse-ear (Field chickweed), Field oxeye-daisy (creeping oxeye, oxeye daisy), field pansy, field pennycress (French weed), Field pepperweed (Field pepperwort), field violet, Flatwoods plum (Sloe plum), flix weed, Flodman Thistle (prairie), Florida Betony, florida prickly blackberry, Florida pusley, florida yellow woodsorrel, french broom, garden spurge, garlic mustard, giant ironweed, giant ragweed, Gooseberry, Gray chickweed (Gray mouse-ear chickweed), gray thistle, great burdock, great ironweed, Great yellow woodsorrel, Ground ivy (Creeping Charlie, Creeping Jenny), Groundsel, Hackberry, Hairy Beggarticks, Hairy Bittercress, hairy buttercup, Hairy fleabane, Hairy Galinsoga, Hairy Vetch (Fodder vetch, Winter vetch), Hairy-pitted stork's bill, Healall, Heartleaf drymary, Heartleaf nettle, Heath Aster (White Heath Aster), Hedge mustard, Hemp, hemp sesbania, henbit, himalayan blackberry, Hoary cress, Hoary plantain, Hoary vervain, Hop Clover, horsenettle, horseradish, horseweed/marestail, Illinois woodsorrel, Indian Mock Strawberry, Indian Mustard, Innocence (Blue-eyed Mary), italian thistle, Ivyleaf Morningglory, Ivyleaf Speedwell, Japanese honeysuckle, Jewel milkweed (Pallid milkweed), jewelweed, Jimsonweed, Devil's Snare, Johnny-Jumpup violet, Kudzu, Ladysthumb Smartweed, Lamb's quarters (Goosefoot, Pigweed), lambsquarters, Lanceleaf Ragweed, lantana, Large Flower Pusley, Late goldenrod (Canada goldenrod), Leafy spurge, leafy thistle, Lilac, little bittercress, Little evening primrose (Small sundrops), Little mallow

(Least mallow), locust, London rocket, mackenzie willow, madrone, Marcela, marshelder, Matchweed, mayweed (stinking chamomile), Meadow Hawkweed, meadow thistle, Mesquite (Honey mesquite), Mexican Morningglory, Mexicanweed (Mexican fireweed, Kochia), mimosa, Mock strawberry, Mojave stinkweed, Moneywort, Mountain bush honeysuckle, Mountain woodsorrel (Wood shamrock), Mouse-ear Chickweed, Mouseear hawkweed, Mugwort, Multiflora rose, Musk thistle, narrow leaved willow, narrowleaf cudweed, narrowleaf plantain (English plantain, buckhorn), nightshade (silverleaf), Northern Bedstraw, Northern bush honeysuckle, Northern pin oak, oakleaf fleabane, Old world diamond flower (Oldenlandia, Flattop Mille Graines), Orange hawkweed, Oriental cocklebur, Pale Smartweed, Parsley-piert (Slender parsely-piert), Parsnip (Wild parsnip), Pearlwort (Bird's-eye pearlwort), Pennsylvania cinquefoil (Prairie cinquefoil), Pennsylvania smartweed, Pepperweed (Perennial pepperweed), pigweed, Pin oak (Swamp Spanish oak), Pineappleweed, Pineywoods bedstraw (Wood bedstraw), plains coreopsis (tickseed), plantain (broadleaf plantain, greater plantain, common plantain), Platte Thistle, plumeless thistle, Poison hemlock, Poison Ivy, Poison Oak, Poison Sumac, Pokeweed, Port Orford cedar (Lawson cypress), povertyweed, Prairie sunflower, Prickly lettuce (compass plant), Prickly sida, Prostrate knotweed, Prostrate pigweed, prostrate spurge, Prostrate Verbain, prostrate vervain, Puncture vine (Goat's-head), Purple Amaranth, Purple Aster, Purple cudweed (annual purple cudweed, perennial purple cudweed), purple deadnettle, Purple milkweed, Purple milvetch (Purple loco, Field milkvetch), Purslane Speedwell, quaking aspen, Rabbit Foot Clover, Raspberry (Wild black raspberry), Red alder, red clover, Red maple (Water maple, Soft maple), Red Morning glory, Red sorrel (Sheep's sorrel), redroot, Redroot Pigweed, Red-seeded Dandelion, Redstem filaree, Redweed, Redwood sorrel (Oregon oxalis), Rough cinquefoil, Rough fleabane, Rough horsetail (Scouringrush horsetail), Russian pigweed, Russian thistle, Sage, Sagebrush, salmonberry, saltcedar, Sassafras (White sassafras, Red sassafras, Silky sassafras), Scarlet pimpernel, scotch broom, Scotch thistle (Cotton thistle), scouler's willow, Shepherd's purse, shiny cudweed, Shortstalk stinkweed, showy evening primrose, Showy goldenrod, Showy tick-trefoil (Canadian tick-trefoil, Canada tickclover), Silver ponysfoot (Silver nickel vine), Skunkbush sumac, Slender Amaranth, Slender Bush Clover (Slender lespedeza), Slender plantain, Slender Speedwell, Slender stinkweed, slender-flower thistle, smallflower buttercup, Smallflower galinsoga, Small-flowered winter-cress, Smooth Bedstraw (Crosswort), Smooth Beggarticks, smooth cat's ear, Smooth chaff-flower, Smooth dock, smooth pigweed, sneezeweed, Snow Speedwell, Sorrel, Southern bush honeysuckle, Southern Crabgrass, Southern wild rose (Virginia rose, Common wild rose), Spanish needles, spatterdock, Spiny amaranth, Spiny cocklebur, Spiny sowthistle, spotted knapweed, Spotted locoweed (Freckled milkvetch), spotted spurge, sprawling horseweed, st. johnswort, Sticky Chickweed (Stick mouse-ear chickweed), Stiff goldenrod (stiff-leaved goldenrod), Strawberry Clover, swamp smartweed, Sweet goldenrod, Sweet gum (American sweetgum), swinecress, Tall Beggarticks, Tall milkweed (Poke milkweed), Tall Morning glory (Common morning-glory), Tall nettle, tall thistle, Tall vervain, Tanoak (Tanbark-oak), tansy mustard, tansy ragwort, Tanweed (Water knotweed, Water smartweed), teaweed, Texas filaree, thimbleberry, three flower beggarweed, Thymeleaf Speedwell, toadflax (common toadflax, yellow toadflax), Tooth-leaved croton (tropic croton, sand croton), trailing blackberry, trailing crownvetch, tree tobacco, Trumpet creeper (Trumpet vine, Cow itch vine, Hummingbird Vine), Tufted evening primrose (Fragrant evening primrose), tufted knotweed, tumble mustard, Tumble pigweed, velvetleaf, Venice mallow, Vetch (Common vetch, Garden vetch)), vine maple, Violet Woodsorrel, Virginia buttonweed, Virginia creeper, Virginia pepperweed (Peppergrass), Virginia winged rockcress, wandering cudweed, Water pennywort (Floating marshpennywort), Wavyleaf Thistle (Gray thistle), Western clematis, Western Ragweed, Western salsify (Goatsbeard), White ash (American ash), White Clover (*Dutch clover, honeysuckle clover, white trefoil, & purplewort), White mustard, White Prairie Aster, White Sweet Clover (White Melilot), Whitestem Filaree, whitetop, Wild Blackberry (Thornless blackberry), Wild buckwheat, Wild carrot, Wild cherry, wild four-o'clock, Wild garlic (Wild onion), Wild honeysuckle (Tartarian honeysuckle), Wild lettuce, Wild marigold (Roundleaf marigold, Southern marigold), wild morningglory (hedge bindweed), Wild plum (American plum), Wild radish, wild rose (prickly wild rose)), Wild strawberry, Wild sweet potato, Wild vetch, Wild Violet, Willow-leaved poplar (Narrowleaf cottonwood), Winter speedwell (Persian speedwell), Wood Nettle, Woolly croton (Hogwort, Goatweed), Woolly morning glory, Woolly plantain, woollyleaf bursage, Woolly burdock (downy burdock), Woolly locoweed, Wormseed, Wormseed Mustard, Wreath goldenrod (Woodland goldenrod), Wrinkleleaf goldenrod (Rough-stemmed goldenrod), Yarrow (Common yarrow), Yellow birch (Golden birch), Yellow rocket (Winter cress, Bitter Wintercress, Wild Mustard), yellow starthistle, Yellow sundrops (Shrubby evening primrose), Yellow Sweet Clover (Yellow melilot, ribbed melilot, common melilot), Yellow Thistle (horrible), Yellowflower pepperweed, yellowspine thistle.

*annual or perennial]

[Option 2 for Weed List Display: Column form]

Weed List

[KILLS] [CONTROLS] MOST COMMON [TOUGH] WEEDS INCLUDING:

alder	Black cherry	Carpetweed
Alfalfa (Lucerne)	black cottonwood	catchweed
Alpine aster	Black medick	Catchweed bedstraw
Alsike Clover	Black mustard	Catnip
alyce clover	black willow	Catsear (catsear dandelion, false dandelion, spotted and common catsear)
American black elderberry	Blackberry	Chamber bitter
American elm (White elm)	Blackberry elder	chamise
American hazel	Black-eyed Susan	Chickweed (Common chickweed)
American persimmon (Common persimmon)	Blackseed plantain	Chicory
American speedwell (American brooklime)	Blessed thistle	Chinese yarrow (Siberian yarrow)
American yellowrocket	Bloodflower (Tropical milkweed, Mexican butterfly weed)	Chinkapin oak
amur honeysuckle	Blue ash	choke cherry
Annual knawel (German knotweed)	Blue elderberry	coffeebean
Annual nettle (Dwarf nettle)	Blue lettuce	coffeeweed (Colorado River- hemp)
Annual rape (Wild rape)	Blue Mustard	common burdock
Annual Sowthistle (common sowthistle, milk sowthistle)	blue toadflax	Common cinquefoil (Oldfield cinquefoil)
Annual trampweed	Blue vervain	Common cocklebur (Rough cocklebur, Large cocklebur)
Annual wild geranium (Spotted geranium, wood geranium, Cranesbill)	Blue woodsorrel	Common Dandelion
annual yellow sweet clover	Blunt-leaved milkweed (Clasping milkweed)	common groundsel
arkansas rose	box elder	Common hawkweed (Yellow hawkweed)
Artichoke thistle	Bracted plantain	Common hawthorn
Asiatic pennywort	Brambles Brass	Common honeysuckle (Woodbine)
Asiatic witchweed	buttons Brazil	Common iceplant
Atlantic white cedar (Southern white cedar)	Pusley brazilian	common knapweed
Austrian fieldcress	pepper Bristly	Common knotgrass (Knotweed)
Ball Mustard	Mallow Bristly	Common Lespedeza
Bedstraw	oxtongue	Common lupine
Beggarweed (Creeping beggarweed)	Broadleaf knotweed	Common mallow (Alkali mallow, buttonweed, cheeseweed, dwarf mallow)
big leaf maple	Broad-leaved dock	common mullein
Bigroot Morningglory	Broomweed	Common primrose (English primrose)
Bigtooth aspen (American aspen, White poplar)	buckwheat	Common Purslane
Bi-lobed Speedwell (Twolobe speedwell)	Bulbous buttercup	common ragweed
bindweed (wild morningglory)	Bull mallow (French mallow)	Common salsify (Goatsbeard)
Bird vetch	bull nettle	Common snowberry
bitter sneezeweed	bull thistle	Common Speedwell
Bitterweed	Bur oak	Common sunflower
Black bent (Redtop)	burclover	common tarweed
Black birch (River birch, Water birch)	Burning nettle (Stinging nettle)	
	bushy aster	
	bushy buttonweed	
	Buttonweed (Rough buttonweed, Poorjoe)	
	California knotweed	
	california rose	
	California wild grape	
	Canada thistle	
	Carolina geranium (wild)	

Common thistle (Bull thistle)	Field pepperweed (Field pepperwort)	italian thistle
Common yellow woodsorrel (Yellow woodsorrel, Common yellow oxalis)	field violet	Ivyleaf Morningglory
coral bead	Flatwoods plum (Sloe plum)	Ivyleaf Speedwell
corn chamomile	flix weed	Japanese honeysuckle
Corn Speedwell	Flodman Thistle (prairie)	Jewel milkweed (Pallid milkweed)
Corn spurry	Florida Betony	jewelweed
coyote brush	florida prickly blackberry	Jimsonweed, Devil's Snare
Creeping Buttercup	Florida pusley	Johnny-Jumpup violet
Creeping Woodsorrel	florida yellow woodsorrel	Kudzu
Crimson Clover	french broom	Ladysthumb Smartweed
Cudweed (Purple cudweed)	garden spurge	Lamb's quarters (Goosefoot, Pigweed)
Cupid shaving brush	garlic mustard	lambsquarters
Curly dock (Curled dock, Yellow dock, Sour dock)	giant ironweed	Lanceleaf Ragweed
Curly indigo (Sensitive jointvetch)	giant ragweed	lantana
Curlycup gumweed	Gooseberry	Large Flower Pusley
cutleaf evening primrose	Gray chickweed (Gray mouse-ear chickweed)	Late goldenrod (Canada goldenrod)
Daisy Fleabane (annual)	gray thistle	Leafy spurge
dead nettle	great burdock	leafy thistle
Desert wild grape	great ironweed	Lilac
Dewberry (Garden dewberry)	Great yellow woodsorrel	little bittercress
Dichondra (Carolina ponysfoot)	Ground ivy (Creeping Charlie, Creeping Jenny)	Little evening primrose (Small sundrops)
distaff thistle	Groundsel	Little mallow (Least mallow)
Dogbane	Hackberry	locust
Dogfennel	Hairy Beggarticks	London rocket
Dollarweed (Manyflower marshpennywort)	Hairy Bittercress	mackenzie willow
drummonds thistle	hairy buttercup	madrone
elk thistle English	Hairy fleabane	Marcela
Daisy Eucalyptus (Bluegum, Tasmanian bluegum, Southern blue-gum)	Hairy Galinsoga	marshelder
evergreen blackberry	Hairy Vetch (Fodder vetch, Winter vetch)	Matchweed
fall dandelion	Hairy-pitted stork's bill	mayweed (stinking chamomile)
false flax	Healall	Meadow Hawkweed
False sunflower	Heartleaf drymary	meadow thistle
Fennel	Heartleaf nettle	Mesquite (Honey mesquite)
Field bindweed (*morningglory & creeping jenny)	Heath Aster (White Heath Aster)	Mexican Morningglory
Field burrweed (lawn burrweed, common soliva, spurweed)	Hedge mustard	Mexicanweed (Mexican fireweed, Kochia)
Field horsetail (Common horsetail, Mare's tail)	Hemp	mimosa
Field mouse-ear (Field chickweed)	hemp sesbania	Mock strawberry
Field oxeye-daisy (creeping oxeye, oxeye daisy)	henbit	Mojave stinkweed
field pansy	himalayan blackberry	Moneywort
field pennycress (French weed)	Hoary cress	Mountain bush honeysuckle
	Hoary plantain	Mountain woodsorrel (Wood shamrock)
	Hoary vervain	Mouse-ear Chickweed
	Hop Clover	Mouseear hawkweed
	horsenettle	Mugwort
	horseradish	Multiflora rose
	horseweed/marestail	Musk thistle
	Illinois woodsorrel	narrow leaved willow
	Indian Mock Strawberry	narrowleaf cudweed
	Indian Mustard	
	Innocence (Blue-eyed Mary)	

narrowleaf plantain (English plantain, buckhorn)	Purple cudweed (annual purple cudweed, perennial purple cudweed)	Slender stinkweed
nightshade (silverleaf)	purple deadnettle	slender-flower thistle
Northern Bedstraw	Purple milkweed	smallflower buttercup
Northern bush honeysuckle	Purple milvetch (Purple loco, Field milkvetch)	Smallflower galinsoga
Northern pin oak	Purslane Speedwell	Small-flowered winter-cress
oakleaf fleabane	quaking aspen	Smooth Bedstraw (Crosswort)
Old world diamond flower (Oldenlandia, Flattop Mille Graines)	Rabbit Foot Clover	Smooth Beggarticks
Orange hawkweed	Raspberry (Wild black raspberry)	smooth cat's ear
Oriental cocklebur	Red alder	Smooth chaff-flower
Pale Smartweed	red clover	Smooth dock
Parsley-piert (Slender parsely-piert)	Red maple (Water maple, Soft maple)	smooth pigweed
Parsnip (Wild parsnip)	Red Morning glory	sneezeweed
Pearlwort (Bird's-eye pearlwort)	Red sorrel (Sheep's sorrel)	Snow Speedwell
Pennsylvania cinquefoil (Prairie cinquefoil)	redroot	Sorrel
Pennsylvania smartweed	Redroot Pigweed	Southern bush honeysuckle
Pepperweed (Perennial pepperweed)	Red-seeded Dandelion	Southern Crabgrass
pigweed	Redstem filaree	Southern wild rose (Virginia rose, Common wild rose)
Pin oak (Swamp Spanish oak)	Redweed	Spanish needles
Pineappleweed	Redwood sorrel (Oregon oxalis)	spatterdock
Pineywoods bedstraw (Wood bedstraw)	Rough cinquefoil	Spiny amaranth
plains coreopsis (tickseed)	Rough fleabane	Spiny cocklebur
plantain (broadleaf plantain, greater plantain, common plantain)	Rough horsetail (Scouringrush horsetail)	Spiny sowthistle
Platte Thistle	Russian pigweed	spotted knapweed
plumeless thistle	Russian thistle	Spotted locoweed (Freckled milkvetch)
Poison hemlock	Sage	spotted spurge
Poison Ivy	Sagebrush	sprawling horseweed
Poison Oak	salmonberry	st. johnswort
Poison Sumac	saltcedar	Sticky Chickweed (Stick mouse-ear chickweed)
Pokeweed	Sassafras (White sassafras, Red sassafras, Silky sassafras)	Stiff goldenrod (stiff-leaved goldenrod) Strawberry
Port Orford cedar (Lawson cypress)	Scarlet pimpernel	Clover swamp
povertyweed	scotch broom	smartweed Sweet
Prairie sunflower	Scotch thistle (Cotton thistle)	goldenrod Sweet gum (American sweetgum)
Prickly lettuce (compass plant)	scouler's willow	swinecress
Prickly sida	Shepherd's purse	Tall Beggarticks
Prostrate knotweed	shiny cudweed	Tall milkweed (Poke milkweed)
Prostrate pigweed	Shortstalk stinkweed	Tall Morning glory (Common morning-glory)
prostrate spurge	showy evening primrose	Tall nettle
Prostrate Verbain	Showy goldenrod	tall thistle
prostrate vervain	Showy tick-trefoil (Canadian tick-trefoil, Canada tickclover)	Tall vervain
Puncture vine (Goat's-head)	Silver ponysfoot (Silver nickel vine)	Tanoak (Tanbark-oak)
Purple Amaranth	Skunkbush sumac	tansy mustard
Purple Aster	Slender Amaranth	tansy ragwort
	Slender Bush Clover (Slender lespedeza)	Tanweed (Water knotweed, Water smartweed)
	Slender plantain	Teaweed
	Slender Speedwell	Texas filaree
		Thimbleberry

Three flower beggarweed	Western Ragweed	Willow-leaved poplar (Narrowleaf cottonwood)
Thymeleaf Speedwell	Western salsify (Goatsbeard)	Winter speedwell (Persian speedwell)
Toadflax (common toadflax, yellow toadflax)	White ash (American ash)	Wood Nettle
Tooth-leaved croton (tropic croton, sand croton)	White Clover (*Dutch clover, honeysuckle clover, white trefoil, & purplewort)	Woolly croton (Hogwort, Goatweed)
trailing blackberry	White mustard	Woolly morning glory
trailing crownvetch	White Prairie Aster	Woolly plantain
tree tobacco	White Sweet Clover (White Melilot)	woollyleaf bursage
Trumpet creeper (Trumpet vine, Cow itch vine, Hummingbird Vine)	Whitestem Filaree	Wooly burdock (downy burdock)
Tufted evening primrose (Fragrant evening primrose)	whitetop	Wooly locoweed
tufted knotweed	Wild Blackberry (Thornless blackberry)	Wormseed
tumble mustard	Wild buckwheat	Wormseed Mustard
Tumble pigweed	Wild carrot	Wreath goldenrod (Woodland goldenrod)
velvetleaf	Wild cherry	Wrinkleleaf goldenrod (Rough-stemmed goldenrod)
Venice mallow	wild four-o'clock	Yarrow (Common yarrow)
Vetch (Common vetch, Garden vetch))	Wild garlic (Wild onion)	Yellow birch (Golden birch)
vine maple	Wild honeysuckle (Tartarian honeysuckle)	Yellow rocket (Winter cress, Bitter Wintercress, Wild Mustard)
Violet Woodsorrel	Wild lettuce	yellow starthistle
Virginia buttonweed	Wild marigold (Roundleaf marigold, Southern marigold)	Yellow sundrops (Shrubby evening primrose)
Virginia creeper	wild morningglory (hedge bindweed)	Yellow Sweet Clover (Yellow melilot, ribbed melilot, common mellilot)
Virginia pepperweed (Peppergrass)	Wild plum (American plum)	Yellow Thistle (horrible)
Virginia winged rockcress	Wild radish	Yellowflower pepperweed
wandering cudweed	wild rose (prickly wild rose))	yellowspine thistle
Water pennywort (Floating marshpennywort)	Wild strawberry	
Wavyleaf Thistle (Gray thistle)	Wild sweet potato	
Western clematis	Wild vetch	
	Wild Violet	*annual or perennial]